Boyer Educational Resources

Welcome to this Susan Boyer free download sample resource.

Understanding Everyday Australian – Book Two

Unit 9 - Future Plans and Possibilities

(Answer pages are included)

www.boyereducation.com.au

The recommended audio for this unit is available on our website as a MP3 free download.

When viewing pages on a PDF Reader we suggest that you look at the pages side by side.

For example:

Unit – 9 Future Plans and Possibilities
Part 2A

Conversation 1 - with everyday expressions

Page 92

Unit – 9 Future Plans and Possibilities Part 2B

Conversation 2 – explanation of everyday expressions

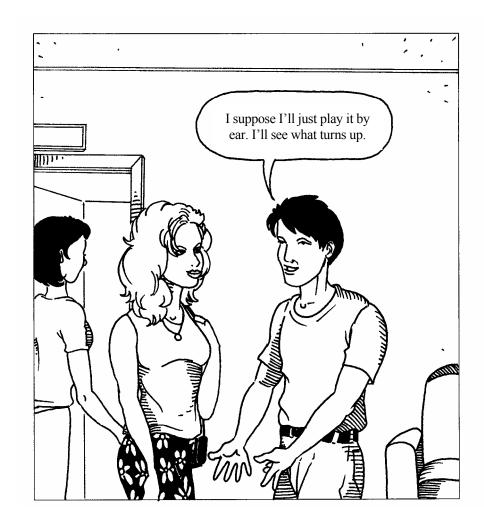
Page 93

We hope you enjoy and benefit from this sample unit.

Our range includes resources for learning Australian English, beginner English, pronunciation and spelling, international English and Australian history.

UNIT 9

FUTURE PLANS AND POSSIBILITIES



Do you plan for the future or do you just 'let things happen'? In this unit you will hear two friends, Chris and Kerri, talking about what they are going to do when they have finished their tourism course. Before you listen to the conversation, match the following words with the appropriate definition below. Answers, page 121.

philosophy opportunity amb	oitious goal eagerly voluntary (work)											
target for the future determined to succeed												
idea, belief, opinion	unpaid work											
happily, with desire a useful situation												
Now listen to the conversation and decide which of the following statements are true. (There may be more than one correct answer). You can check your answers on page 121.												
1) During the holidays, Chris is going to:												
	a) learn to fly.											
	b) visit her family.											
	c) look for a job.											
2) Chris suggests that Kerri should:	a) do some voluntary work.											
	b) get a job in a shop.											
	c) see a doctor.											
3) Chris thinks:	a) people have to plan if they want to succeed.											
	b) it isn't important to plan for success.											
4) Chris says she is:	,											
4) Chilis says she is.	a) ambitious.											
	b) lazy.											
	c) rich.											

Now we'll look at the everyday expressions used in the conversation - turn to the next page.



CONVERSATION 1 (with everyday expressions)

≪ Replay Conversation 1

Read this conversation as you listen to the audio recording. Do you know what the <u>underlined</u> words mean? They are colloquial or 'everyday' expressions.

- Chris: Only one week left till the end of our course. I can't believe the year's *just about* over.
- Kerri: Me neither.
- Chris: What are you doing in the holidays? Anything exciting?
- Kerri: No, not really. I suppose, I'll just *play it by ear*. What about you, Chris? Any plans?
- Chris: Yes, I'm going to visit my family in the country for a week. I'm flying out next Wednesday. I haven't seen them for a while so I'm really *looking forward to* it. And then, when I come back, I'm going to look for a job... as a tour guide if possible.
- Kerri: I guess, I'll look for a job too but I must say, I'm a bit half hearted about it.
- Chris: Why's that?
- Kerri: Well, *let's face it*, *every Tom*, *Dick and Harry* will be looking for work this time of year. And the other problem is, employers usually want experienced staff, not students straight out of college.
- Chris: True, so why not get some experience in the holidays by doing some voluntary work? That's what I'm going to do if I don't get a job *straight away*.
- Kerri: Mm. I suppose it'd be better than sitting around, *twiddling my thumbs*. But I'm not *wrapped in the idea* of working for nothing.
- Chris: Well, the way I look at it, you'd be <u>killing two birds with one stone</u>. It'd be <u>paving the</u>
 <u>way</u> for future work and helping someone at the same time. And <u>you never know</u> it may lead to a job <u>down the track</u>.
- Kerri: You know, I <u>have to hand it to you</u>, Chris. You seem to <u>have it all worked out</u>. I'm the sort of person who hopes opportunities'll <u>turn up out of the blue</u>. I don't plan ahead like you.
- Chris: Well, as far as I'm concerned, you have to plan if you want be successful if you just wait for something to turn up, it may never happen. I believe we have to <u>set our sights on</u> something we want and then <u>go for it</u>! I suppose I'm ambitious but I believe we have to create our own opportunities.
- Kerri: Well, I can see you're going to *go places*, that's for sure. You have a good philosophy on life. Maybe I should *get my act together* and set some goals too..... Look, I'm going to get a cup of coffee. Would you like one?
- Chris: That sounds like a very good idea. I'll just get my bag.

Now let's see what these expressions mean - look at the next page.

CONVERSATION 2 (explanation of everyday expressions)

Compare Conversation 1 with Conversation 2 - You will see that some of the words are different but the meaning is the same in both conversations. Find the underlined words in Conversation 1, then underline the words with the same meaning in Conversation 2. For example: $\underline{iust\ about}$ (Conversation 1) = \underline{almost} (Conversation 2)

Chris: (There is) only one week till the end of our course. I can't believe the year's almost over.

Kerri: Me neither.

Chris: What are you doing in the holidays? Anything exciting?

Kerri: No, not really. I suppose, I'll just wait and see what happens (I don't have a plan). What about you, Chris? Any plans?

Chris: Yes, I'm going to visit my family in the country for a week. I'm flying out next Wednesday. I haven't seen them for a while so I'm really eagerly awaiting it. And then, when I come back, I'm going to look for a job... as a tour guide if possible.

Kerri: I guess I'll look for a job too but I must say, I'm a bit disinterested/only half interested in it.

Chris: Why's that?

Kerri: Well, we must be realistic, a lot of ordinary people will be looking for work this time of year. And the other problem is, employers usually want experienced staff, not students (who are) straight out of college.

Chris: True, so why not get some experience in the holidays by doing some voluntary work? That's what I'm going to do if I don't get a job immediately.

Kerri: Mm. I suppose it'd be better than sitting around, doing nothing. But I'm not happy about the idea of working for nothing.

Chris: Well, the way I look at it, you'd be achieving two things with one action. It'd be preparing the way for future work and helping someone at the same time. And there is a possibility-it may lead to a job in the future.

Kerri: You know, I have to admire/congratulate you, Chris. You seem to have everything planned and organised. I'm the sort of person who hopes opportunities'll arrive/happen unexpectedly (without planning). I don't plan ahead like you.

Chris: Well, as far as I'm concerned, you have to plan if you want be successful - if you just wait for something to turn up, it may never happen. I believe we have to decide and aim for something we want and then strive/try hard (to get what we want!) I suppose I'm ambitious but I believe we have to create our own opportunities.

Kerri: Well, I can see you're going to be successful, that's for sure. You have a good philosophy on life. Maybe I should get organised and set some goals too..... Look, I'm going to get a cup of coffee. Would you like one?

Chris: That sounds like a very good idea. I'll just get my bag.

Now to become familiar with the everyday expressions, practise reading CONVERSATION 1 aloud with a partner.



≪ Replay Conversation 1

Listen to the conversation again and fill in the missing words. You may have to listen more than once. (Don't worry about your spelling as this exercise focuses on listening skills - you can check your spelling later.)

Chris:	Only one week left till the end of our course. I can't believe the year's <i>just</i> over.
Kerri:	Me neither.
Chris:	What are you doing in the holidays? Anything exciting?
Kerri:	No, not really. I suppose, I'll just <i>play it by</i> . What about you, Chris? Any plans?
Chris:	Yes, I'm going to visit my family in the country for a week. I'm flying out next
	Wednesday. I haven't seen them for a while so I'm really <i>looking</i> to it. And
	then, when I come back, I'm going to look for a job as a tour guide if possible.
Kerri:	I guess, I'll look for a job too but I must say, I'm a bit hearted about it.
Chris:	Why's that?
Kerri:	Well, <u>let's</u> <u>it</u> , <u>every Tom, Dick and Harry</u> will be looking for work this time of
	year. And the other problem is, employers usually want experienced staff, not students
	straight out of college.
Chris:	True, so why not get some experience in the holidays by doing some voluntary work?
	That's what I'm going to do if I don't get a job away.
Kerri:	Mm. I suppose it'd be better than sitting around, <u>twiddling my</u> . But I'm not
	wrapped in the idea of working for nothing.
Chris:	Well, the way I look at it, you'd <u>be killing two</u> with one stone. It'd be <u>paving the</u>
	<u>way</u> for future work and helping someone at the same time. And <u>you never know</u> - it may
	lead to a job down the
Kerri:	You know, I <u>have to</u> it to you, Chris. You seem to <u>have it all worked</u> .
	I'm the sort of person who hopes opportunities'll <u>turn up</u> <u>out of the</u> . I don't plan
	ahead like you.
Chris:	Well, as far as I'm concerned, you have to plan if you want be successful - if you just wait
	for something to turn up, it may never happen. I believe we have to <u>set our on</u>
	something we want and thenfor it! I suppose I'm ambitious but I believe we have
	to create our own opportunities.
Kerri:	Well, I can see you're going to go , that's for sure. You have a good philosophy
	on life. Maybe I should <i>get my</i> together and set some goals too Look, I'm
	going to get a cup of coffee. Would you like one?
Chris:	That sounds like a very good idea. I'll just get my bag.

Now check your answers by comparing this page with Conversation 1.

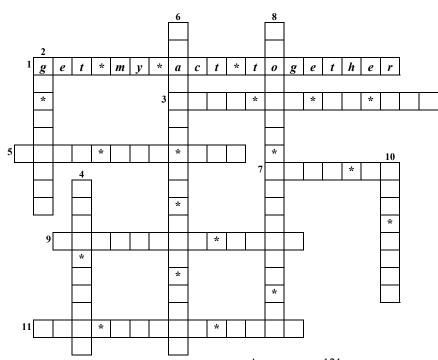
In order to become more familiar with these new everyday expressions:
 Listen to Conversation 1 again and tick the boxes next to the expressions as you hear them. After the conversation has finished, write in the definitions you can remember. Some have been done for you as examples. Check your answers by turning to page 134.
just about
play it by ear
looking forward to
half hearted (about)
☐ let's face it
□ every Tom, Dick and Harry
straight away
L twiddling my thumbs
wrapped in the idea
killing two birds with one stoneachieving two things/results with one action
paving the way
you never knowthere is a possibility
down the track
have to hand it to (you)
have it all worked out.
turn up
out of the blueunexpectedly/without planning
set (our) sights on
☐ go for it!
☐ go places
get my act together
LANGUAGE NOTE: The expression 'turn up' can be used for people, events and things.
For example:
'What time did Tom <i>turn up</i> ?' = 'What time did Tom <i>arrive</i> ?' 'Don't worry. Something will <i>turn up</i> .' = 'Don't worry. Something will <i>happen</i> (to help this problem).'
'Don't worry. Your purse will <i>turn up</i> .' = 'Don't worry. Your purse will <i>be found</i> .'

LANGUAGE REVIEW

Complete the sentences, choosing from the everyday expressions which are listed below. You can use the clues in brackets () at the end of each sentence to help you. Then complete the crossword using the everyday expressions you have written. The first one has been done as an example.

straight away play it by ear the blue get my act together you never know face it looking forward to pave the way just about go places wrapped in the idea

AC	CROSS				
		ether and start saving to b	ouy a house. (ge	et organised)	
	-	thing for New Year's Ev	,	,	.(see
	what happens)		<i>5</i>		
	** /	for the job I rea	ally want. (prep	are the way)	
		. Our business isn't doin			
		we came	-		
		o the dance tonight.			t your perfect
	partner. (there is a poss				
DC	OWN				
2)	He is going to	Look how well he i	s progressing al	ready. (be succe	ssful)
4)	I have	finished painting the l	house. (almost)		
6)	I'm	of getting married in	Springtime. (ha	appy about)	
8)	We are	seeing their	new baby. (eage	erly awaiting)	
10)	He was very healthy un	ntil suddenly, out of	, he had a	a heart attack. (ur	nexpectedly)



FOCUS ON SPOKEN LANGUAGE - Talking about the future

There are several verb forms used to talk about the future in English.

- We talk about our *plans and intentions* this will be examined in section **A** and **B**.
- We *predict what we think will happen* this will be examined in section C.
- We talk about *definite future arrangements* section **D**.

In section **A** and **B** we examine two verb forms which were used by the speakers in Conversation 1 to talk about their *plans and intentions*.

- will + verb eg. I'll just play it by ear. (I will is usually contracted to I'll).
- am going to +verb eg. I'm going to visit my family in the country for a week.

Talking about future plans and intentions

A) We use *will* when we are deciding at the moment of speaking what we will do. For this reason, *I'll* is often used with expressions such as '*I think'*, '*I suppose'*, or '*I guess'*. The following sentences have been taken from Conversation 1. In each example, the speaker is *making a decision at the time of speaking*.

PRACTICE 1

Find the sentences in	i Conversati	on 1, then complete e	ach sentence with will + verb.
Kerri: I suppose, I'	just_	it by ear.	
Kerri: I guess, I		for a job too.	
Chris: I'	just	my bag.	Answers, page 122

In each of the above sentences, the speakers are making a decision at the moment of speaking. They had not decided or planned their action before speaking.

Notice the pattern:

	will +	verb (present simple)
I suppose	I'll (just)	<i>play</i> it by ear.
I guess	I' <i>ll</i>	<i>look</i> for a job too.
	I'll (just)	get my bag.

PRACTICE 2

Complete the following conversations. Remember, the second speakers are making their decision at *the moment of speaking*, so use *will + verb*. Answers, page 122.

1st Speaker: This box is very heavy!	2nd Speaker: Wait a minute. I	you.
1st Speaker: Oh, I forgot to post this letter!	2nd Speaker: Don't worry. I	it later.

B) We use *going to* when we talk about things that *have been decided or planned before the moment of speaking*. The following sentences have been taken from Conversation 1. In each example, the speaker had made their decision *before* the time of speaking. Find the sentences in Conversation 1, then complete each sentence with *am* + *going to* + *verb*.

<i>am</i> +	going to +	verb (present simple)	Answers, page 122.
Yes, I'm	going to	<i>visit</i> my family in the country	for a week.
I' m		for a jobas a tour gu	iide if possible.
That's what I'm		if I don't get a job straigh	t away.
Look, I'		a cup of coffee. Would ye	ou like one?

NOTE: Because **going to + verb** suggests **premeditated intention**, it is **not** usually used with expressions such as, 'I think', 'I guess' or 'I suppose' when talking about plans. For example, we would **not** say, 'I think I'm going to get a cup of coffee'.

FOCUS ON SPOKEN LANGUAGE - Talking about the Future (continued)

REMEMBER

	e use <i>will</i> when the speaker decides/plans <i>at the time of speaking</i> . e use <i>going to</i> when the decision was made <i>before</i> the time of speaking.												
PRAC Comp	CTICE lete the following conversation about future plans using will or going to.												
Sue:	What are you going to do on Saturday?												
Pat:	I'm not sure yet. I think I stay home and finish my homework.												
Sue:	Jenni and I arego to the beach. Would you like to come?												
Pat:													
Sue:	OK. We'recatch the bus at 8 a.m.												
Pat:	OK. Itake for lunch?												
Sue:	I'm not sure yet. I guess Ijust take some fruit and a sandwich. (Answers: page 122)												
C) <i>Ma</i>	aking Predictions												
For early I'I'm g	we predict (say what we think will happen in the future), we can use <i>will or going to</i> . Example: 'It's <i>going to rain</i> tomorrow.' Foing to have a big phone bill this month.' For it is going to do well in the competition.' For will do well in the competition.' For will do well in the competition.' For versation 1, Kerri makes a prediction about Chris. Conversation 1 again, find and complete the following sentence.												
Kerri	: I can see go places. Answers, page 122												
PRAC	CTICE												
(The p	at the picture. Make a prediction about what is going to happen in the game of cricket. erson with the bat is called the batter. The person behind the wicket is the wicket keeper). some sentences using <i>will</i> or <i>is going to</i> .												

Make a prediction about your next electricity bill. How much do you think it will be?

FOCUS ON SPOKEN LANGUAGE

D) Talking about definite future arrangements

When we talk about *definite plans that have already been arranged*, we often use the present progressive tense (also called the present continuous tense). The *present progressive tense* is formed with am/are/is/+ing. We use it to talk about plans that have been confirmed.

Look at this example from Conversation 1.

Chris: 'Yes, I'm going to visit my family in the country for a week. I'm flying out next Wednesday.'

Chris uses the *present progressive tense (am flying)* because her plan is definite. It is about a *present*, as well as *future* situation - she already has her airline ticket.

Look at the following conversation about future plans and happenings.

Lin: 'What *are* you *doing* at Christmas this year? *Are* you *going* away on holidays?'

Ann: 'Not this year. I'm having* a baby in January, so we're staying at home this Christmas.'

Ann used the *present progressive tense* (am having) because there is *present* evidence of her baby's future birth. Ann may also say, 'I'm *going to have* a baby in January, so we're *going to stay* at home this Christmas.'

Note: Native speakers do <u>not</u> usually say,

'I'll have a baby in January, so we'll stay at home this Christmas.'



*The verb 'have' is used in a variety of ways in English.
See Unit 10, Part 6C for details.

PRACTICE

Do you have any definite arran Complete the sentence using <i>a</i>	gements for next week? (eg. appointments, visits, classes?) $n +ing$
Next week, I	·
REVISION AND PRACTICE	- Talking about the future
Complete the following conver	sation by writing the correct verb in the spaces.
Use will, am/is going to, or am The first one has been done as a You can check your answers on	<u>.</u>
Rai: What are you going to do	(do) while you're on holidays next week?
Jan: I (stay) wit	h my sister, Kate, and help her look after her two small sons.
Rai: Why? Is she sick?	•
Jan: No. She (h	ave) another baby.
	(call) her on the phone tonight and congratulate her.
	(be) happy to hear from you.
	(go) to the shops tomorrow and buy a
Jan: Well, the weather	(be) hot when the baby's born

Rai: I know! I (buy) her a fan!

ANSWERS TO UNIT NINE - FUTURE PLANS AND POSSIBILITIES

Part 1

a target for the future- *goal* idea, belief, opinion - *philosophy* happily, with desire - *eagerly*

determined to succeed - <u>ambitious</u> unpaid work - <u>voluntary (work)</u> a useful situation -<u>opportunity</u>

- 1) b) visit her family; c) look for a job
- 2) a) do some voluntary work
- 3) a) people have to plan if they want to succeed.
- 4) a) ambitious.

Part 5 – Cross	vor	d						6	_				8								
								w					l								
	2						_	r			_		0		_	_					
1	g	e	t	*	m	y	*	a	c	t	*	t	0	g	e	t	h	e	r		
	0							p					k								
	*						3	p	1	a	y	*	i	t	*	b	y	*	e	a	r
	p							e					n								
	l						_	d			_		g								
5 p	a	v	e	*	t	h	e	*	w	a	y		*						10		
	c		4					i				7	f	a	c	e	*	i	t		
	e		j					n					0						h		
	s		u					*					r						e		
			s					t					w						*		
	9	s	t	r	a	i	g	h	t	*	a	w	a	у					b		
			*					e					r		•				l		
			a					*					d						u		
			b					i					*						e		
			0					d					t								
11	y	0	u	*	n	e	v	e	r	*	k	n	0	w							
			t					a							•						

Part 6 - Focus on Spoken Language

A) *PRACTICE 1* Kerri: I suppose, I'<u>II</u> just <u>play</u> it by ear.

Kerri: I guess, I'<u>Il look</u> for a job too.

Chris: I'll just get my bag.

PRACTICE 2

1st Speaker: This box is very heavy! 2nd Speaker: Wait a minute. I<u>'ll help</u> you. 1st Speaker: Oh, I forgot to post this letter! 2nd Speaker: Don't worry. I'<u>ll post</u> it later.

B)

-,		
Yes, I'm	going to	<i>visit</i> my family in the country for a week.
I' m	going to	<i>look</i> for a jobas a tour guide if possible.
That's what I'm	going to	do if I don't get a job straight away.
Look, I'm	going to	get a cup of coffee. Would you like one?

PRACTICE

Sue: 'What are you going to do on Saturday?'

Pat: 'I'm not sure yet. I think I <u>will</u> stay home and finish my homework.' Sue: 'Jenni and I are <u>going to</u> go to the beach. Would you like to come?'

Pat: 'Yes. That sounds great! I will finish my homework on Sunday instead.'

Sue: 'OK. We're *going to* catch the bus at 8 a.m.'

Pat: 'OK I will meet you at the bus stop then. What are you going to take for lunch?'

Sue: 'I'm not sure yet. I guess I will just take some fruit and a sandwich.'

C) KerriI can see <u>you're going to go places</u>.

PRACTICE: Various sentences are possible.

eg. The batter will hit the ball./ The wicket keeper will catch the ball

ANSWERS TO UNIT NINE - FUTURE PLANS AND POSSIBILITIES

REVISION & PRACTICE - Talking about the Future

Rai: What are you going to do while you're on holidays next week?

Jan: I am going to stay (or am staying) with my sister, Kate, and help her look after her two small sons.

Rai: Why? Is she sick?

Jan: No. She *is having* (or *is going to have*) another baby.

Rai: Really? In that case, I will call her on the phone tonight and congratulate her.

Jan: Oh good! I'm sure, she will be happy to hear from you.

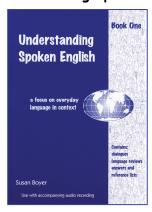
Rai: In fact, I think I will go to the shops tomorrow and buy a present for her. Any ideas?

Jan: Well, the weather *is going to be* (or *will be*) hot when the baby's born...

Rai: I know! I will buy her a fan!

Boyer Educational Resources books and audio

'Understanding Spoken English' - (books with audio CD) international editions



UNIVERSTANDING

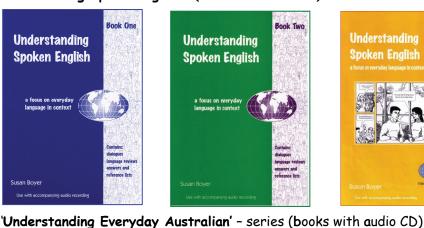
Spelling and Pronunciation

for English Language Learners

Spelling

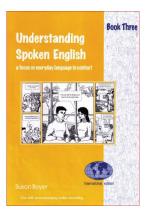
English Language L, earners

Pronunciation

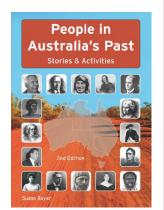


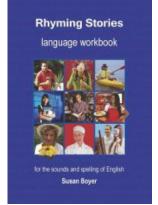
Understanding

Everyday Australian

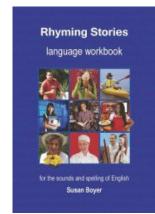


Language Activities & Audio CDs available





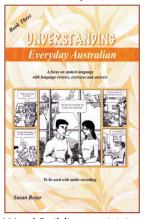
English Language Skills Level One



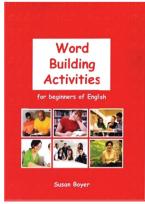
English

Skills

Language



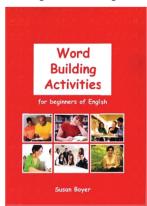
Word Building Activities for beginners of English



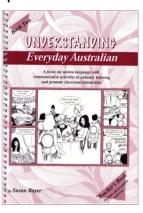
UNIDERSTANDING English Pronunciation

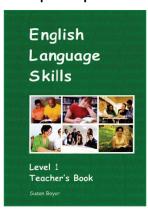
Understanding English

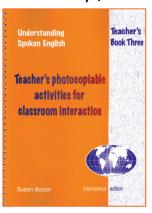
Pronunciation

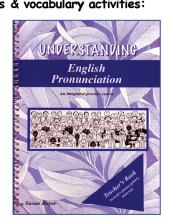


Spiral bound Teacher's Books with photocopiable activities such as surveys, role-cards & vocabulary activities:









Student's Workbook

All teacher's books are A4 size. Student's books contain language exercises and answers. www.boyereducation.com.au